

# South Dakota AFNR

## *Academic Integration Activities: Example #7*

→ *Agribusiness Entrepreneurship students apply algebraic equations to livestock market prices.*

### **1. Ag Standard**

*Agribusiness Entrepreneurship—E.3.1*

Students use strategies for optimum marketing of agricultural commodities.

### **2. Academic Standard**

*9-12.A.2.1*

Students are able to use algebraic properties to transform multi-step, single-variable, first-degree equations.

### **3. Background Information**

Order of operations: When performing algebraic equations, a certain order of mathematical operations should be followed. Use the acronym shown here to remember the order and work left to right.

- > PEMDAS (Please Excuse My Dear Aunt Sally)
- > Parenthesis—Exponents—Multiply—Divide—Add—Subtract

### **4. Example in Context**

A rancher sells 43 head of calves, each weighing an average of 634 lbs. His check (before charges were subtracted) was \$28,625. How much did the calves bring per pound?

$$28,625 = (634 * 43)x$$

$$x = \$1.05$$

Review order of operations: PEMDAS

Determine what x means: x is the dollar amount per pound.

Calculate inside of parenthesis first.

$$634 * 43 = 27,262$$

Substitute that number.

$$28,625 = 27,262x$$

Divide on both sides to find X.

$$\frac{28,625}{27,262} = \frac{27,262x}{27,262}$$

$$1.05 = x$$

*Answer:  $x = \$1.05$  per pound*

## 5. Guided Practice Exercise

A rancher wants to sell two loads of calves. The first bunch of 13 calves averages 524 lbs, and the second bunch of 17 averages 648 pounds. He gets two checks – one for each bunch. The smaller herd brings \$1.09 per pound; the larger bunch brings \$1.04 per pound. There is \$15 per calf deducted for various charges, including commission, beef check-off, vet services, etc. How much does he make total?

$$1.04 * 524 * 13 + 1.09 * 648 * 17 - 15 (13 + 17) = x$$

Review order of operations: PEMDAS

Determine what  $x$  means:  $x$  is dollar amount the rancher receives.

Calculate inside of parenthesis first, working left to right.

$$13 + 17 = 30$$

Substitute those numbers into the equation.

$$1.04 * 524 * 13 + 1.09 * 648 * 17 - 15 (30) = x$$

Multiply, working left to right.

$$1.04 * 524 * 13 = 7,084.48$$

$$1.09 * 648 * 17 = 12,007.44$$

$$15 * 30 = 450$$

Substitute those numbers into the equation.

$$7,084.48 + 12,007.44 - 450 = x$$

Add, and then subtract, working left to right.

$$7,084.48 + 12,007.44 - 450 = 18,641.92$$

$$x = 18,641.92$$

*Answer: The rancher's check is \$18,641.92*

## 6. Independent Practice Exercises

A rancher decides to sell his calves. The 55 head of steers average 622 lbs, and 59 heifers average 601 lbs. Both bunches bring \$1.11. He wants to average out four head for his son. How much does his son make?

$$\left\{ \frac{1.11 (55 * 622 + 59 * 601)}{(55 + 59)} \right\} * 4 =$$

*Answer: The son makes \$2, 713.42.*

A rancher sells 17 head of calves. They bring \$1.03. His check (before charges were subtracted) was \$9,928.17. How much did the calves weigh on average?

$$9,928.17 = (17 * 1.03)x$$

*Answer:  $x = 567$  lbs average weight*

## **7. Notes**

Word problems and algebraic equations could be created for other agricultural commodities, such as corn, soybeans, or wheat.

These calculations also could be taught in an animal science course.